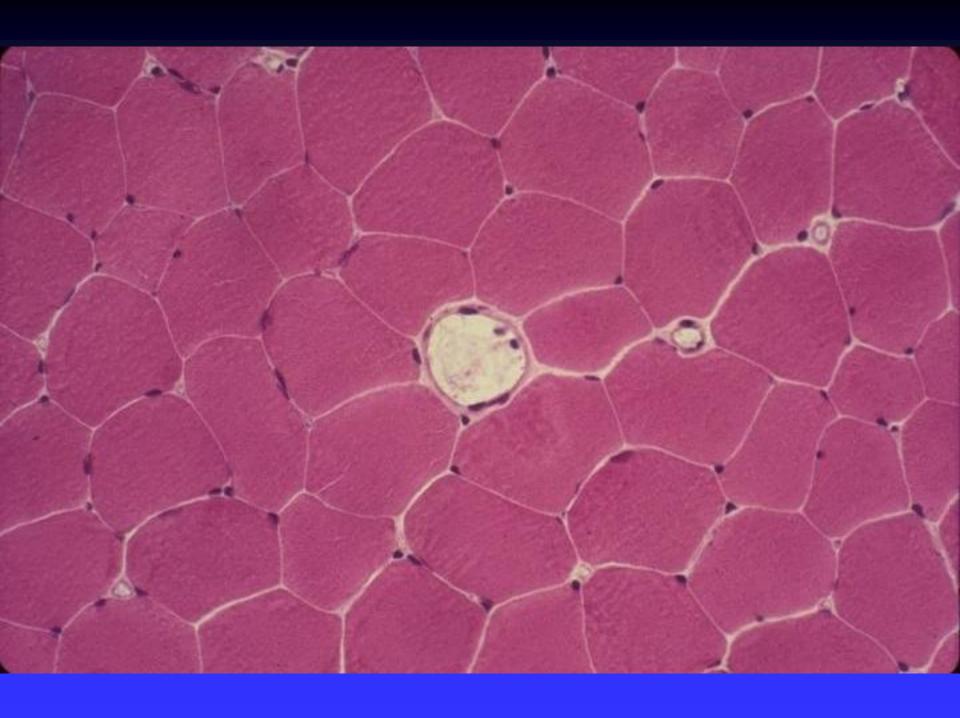
## Myositis 101

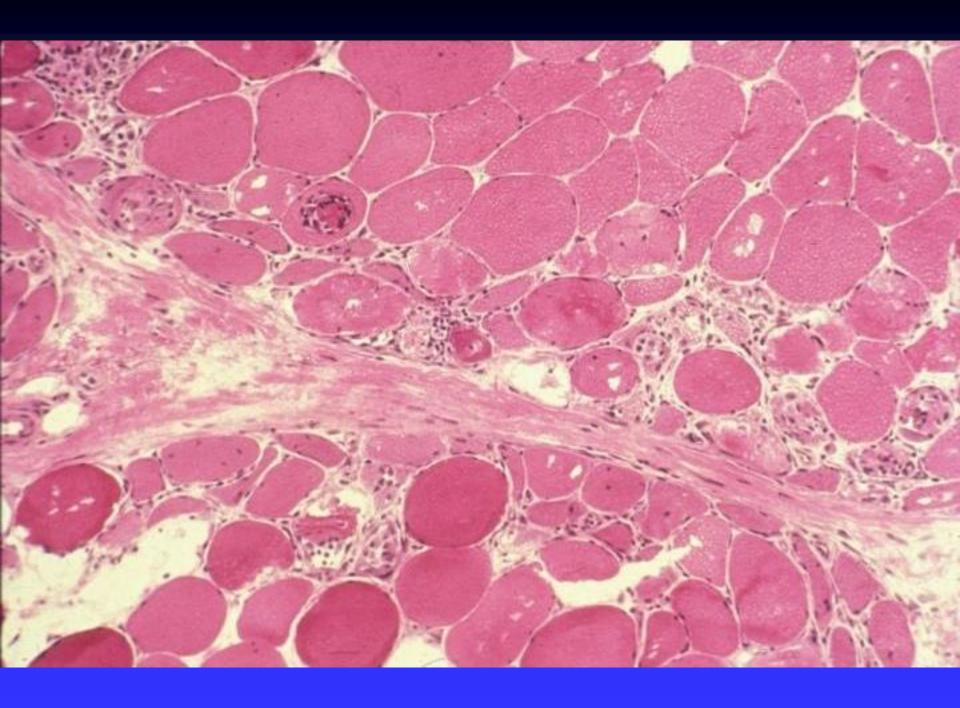
Robert L. Wortmann, M.D.
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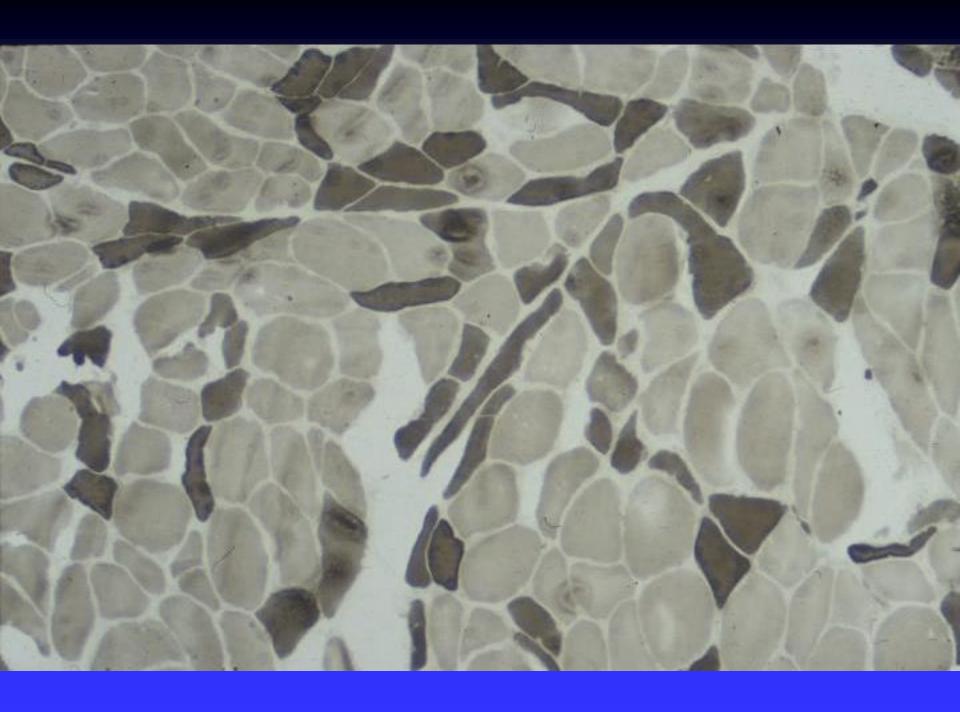
### Criteria for Defining Polymyositis

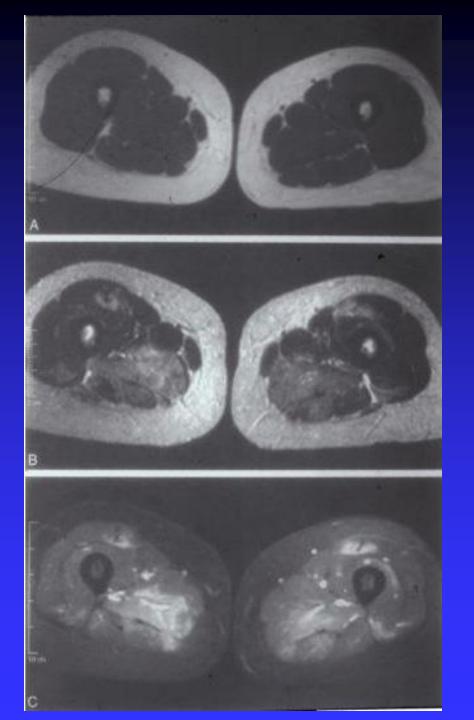
- 1. Symmetrical weakness of limb-girdle muscles and anterior neck flexors.
- 2. Muscle biopsy evidence of necrosis of Type I and II fibers, phagocytosis, regeneration, variation in fiber type with inflammatory exudation.
- 3. Elevation in serum or skeletal-muscle enzymes.
- 4. Electromyographic triad of short, small, polyphasia motor units, fibrillations and sharp waves; and bizarre, repetitive discharges.
- 5. Dermatologic features.



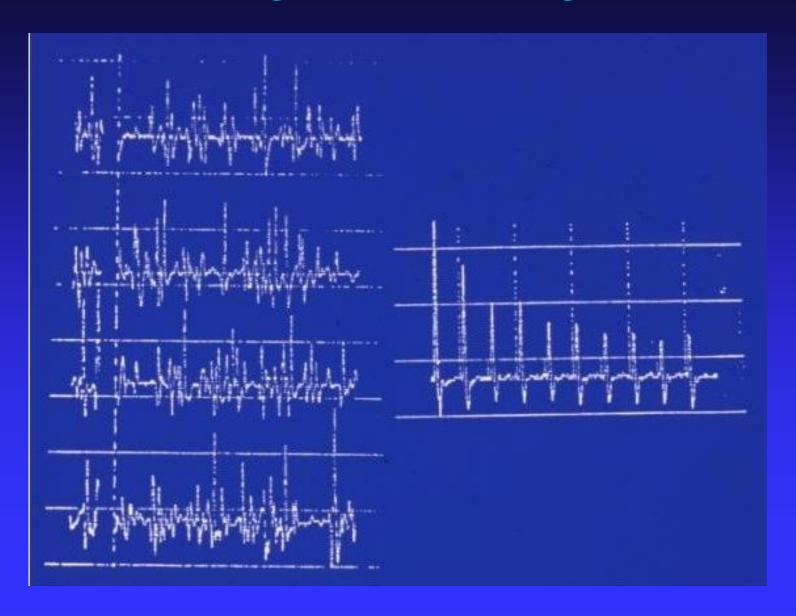








### Electrodiagnostic Testing



### Electrophysiologic Changes in Inflammatory Myopathy

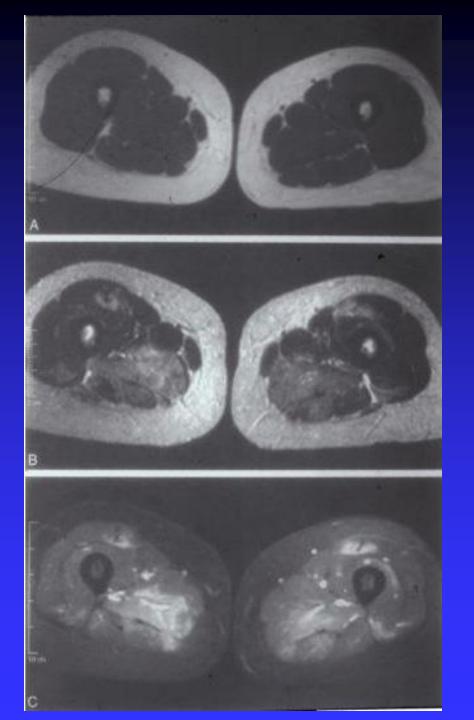
- Fibrillation at rest
- Increased insertional activity
- Bizarre high-frequency repetitive discharges
- Polyphasic potentials of short duration and low amplitude
- Spontaneous and positive sharp waves

### EMG and Inflammatory Myopathies

- About 40% will have the classic triad
- EMGs are entirely normal in 10%.
- Abnormalities may be limited to paraspinous muscles
- Neuropathic findings may also be seen in
  - Inclusion body myositis
  - Myositis with anti-SRP antibodies
  - Myositis and malignancy

#### EMG and Nerve Conduction

- Differentiate myopathic and neuropathic disorders and further localize the lesion.
- Identify appropriate site for biopsy.



### Muscle Enzymes in IIM

- CPK, aldolase, AST, ALT, and LDH
- None of these enzymes may correlate well with disease activity
- Patients with an IIM may become completely asymptomatic, but continue to have elevated enzymes

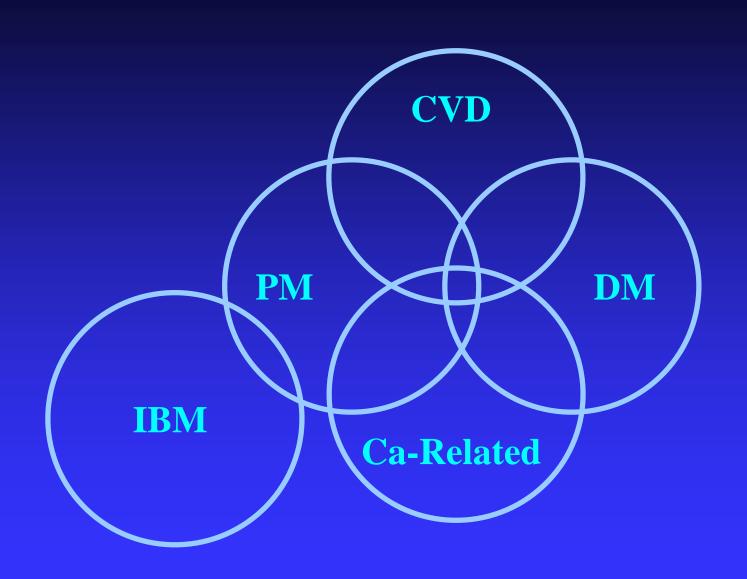
# Not all High CK Levels are the due to Polymyositis! Other causes include:

- Racial differences
- Trauma
- Exercise
- Drugs/Toxins
- Carrier-states
- Pre-disease
- Benign (cause unknown)

Although the criteria are nonspecific, when occurring together, and without other explanations, the allow the diagnosis of an idiopathic inflammatory myopathy,

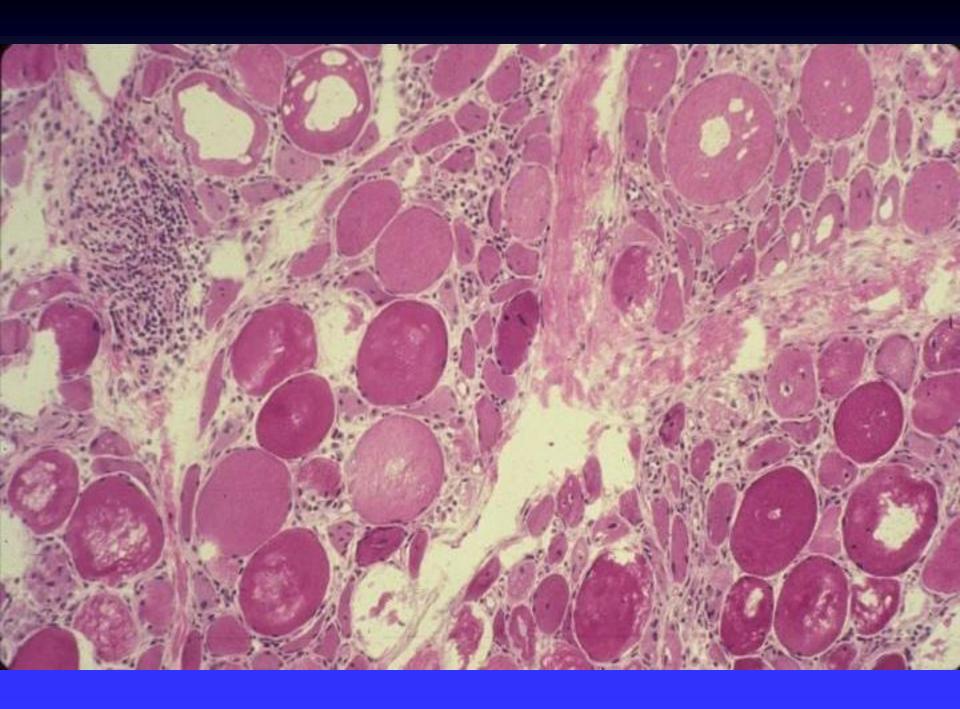
### Idiopathic Inflammatory Myopathies

- Polymyositis
- Dermatomyositis
- Myositis with associated Collagen Vascular Disease
- Myositis with Malignancy
- Inclusion Body Myositis



### **Polymyositis**

- Proximal muscle weakness
- Elevated CPK
- Myopathic EMG
- Inflammation on histology



### **Dermatomyositis**

- Polymyositis plus rash
- A different disease
- Different diseases





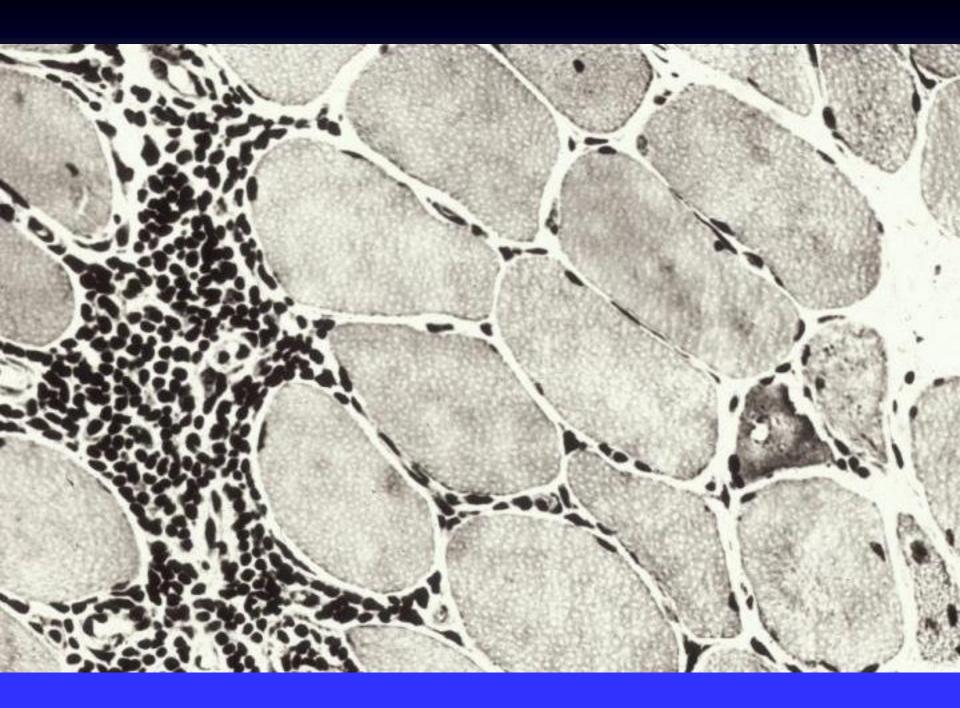


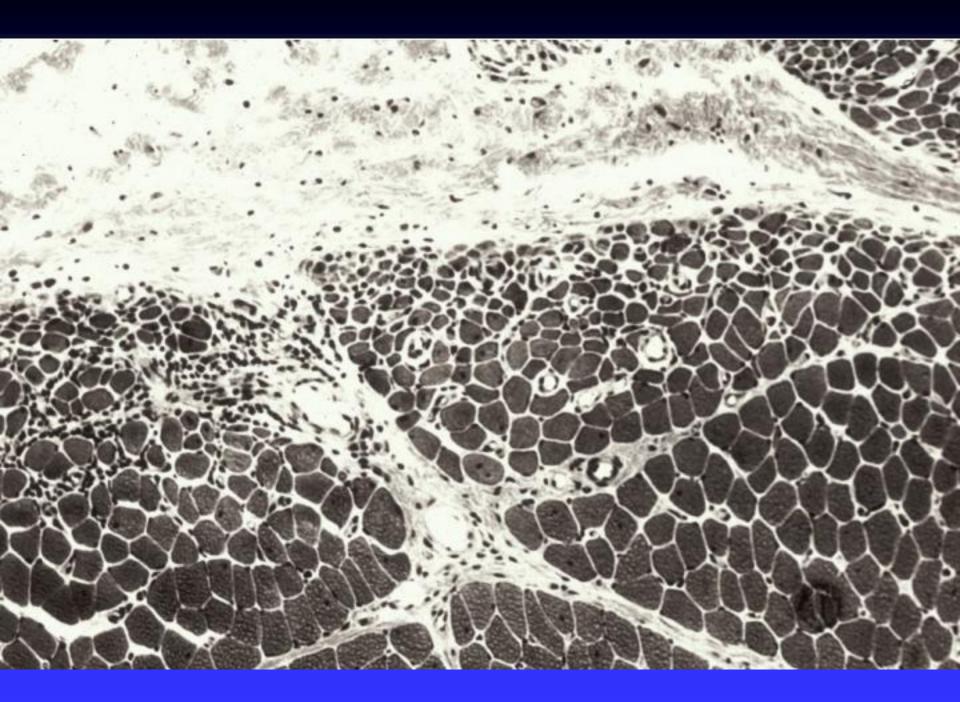












### **Dermatomyositis**

- Subsets
  - Adult dermatomyositis
  - Juvenile dermatomyositis
  - Amyopathic dermatomyositis







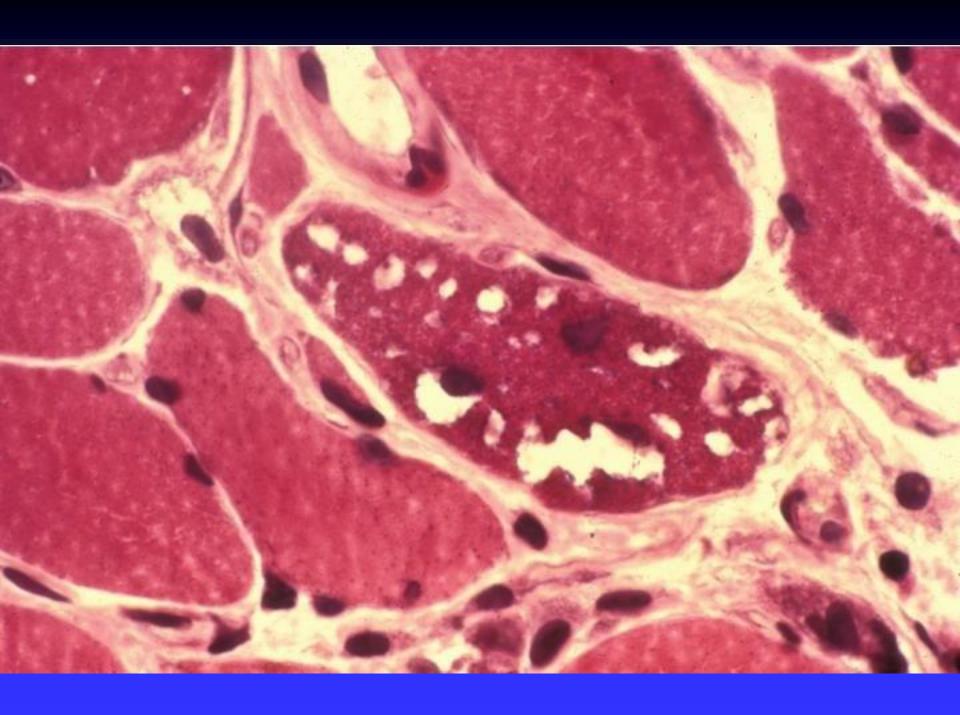
### Inclusion Body Myositis – Clinical

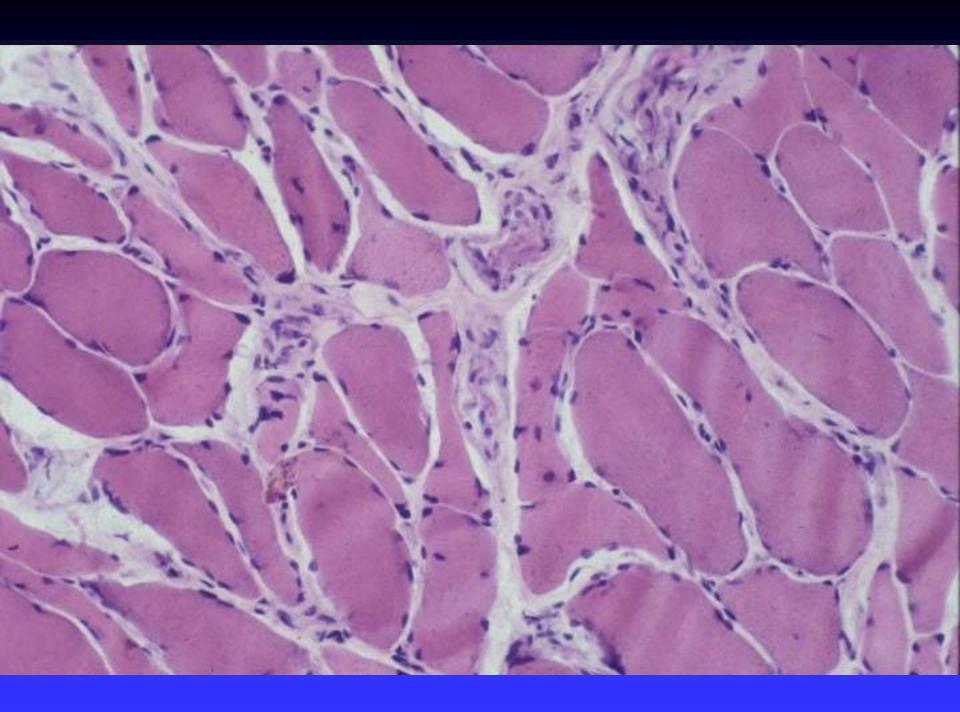
- Weakness
  - Proximal and symmetric
  - Distal
  - Asymmetric
- Response to Therapy
  - Poor if any

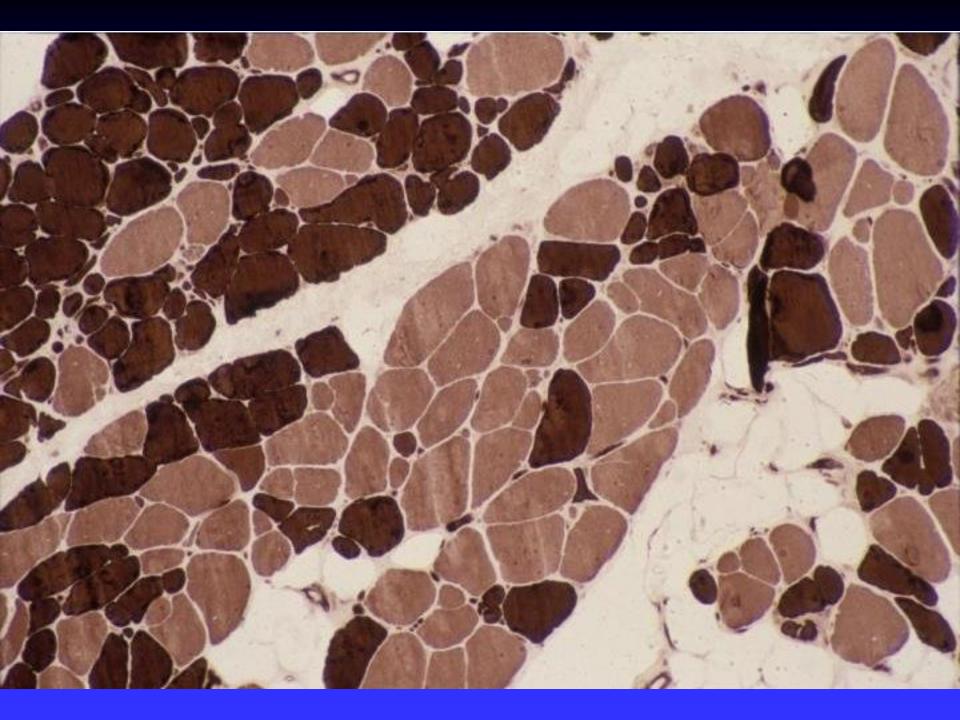


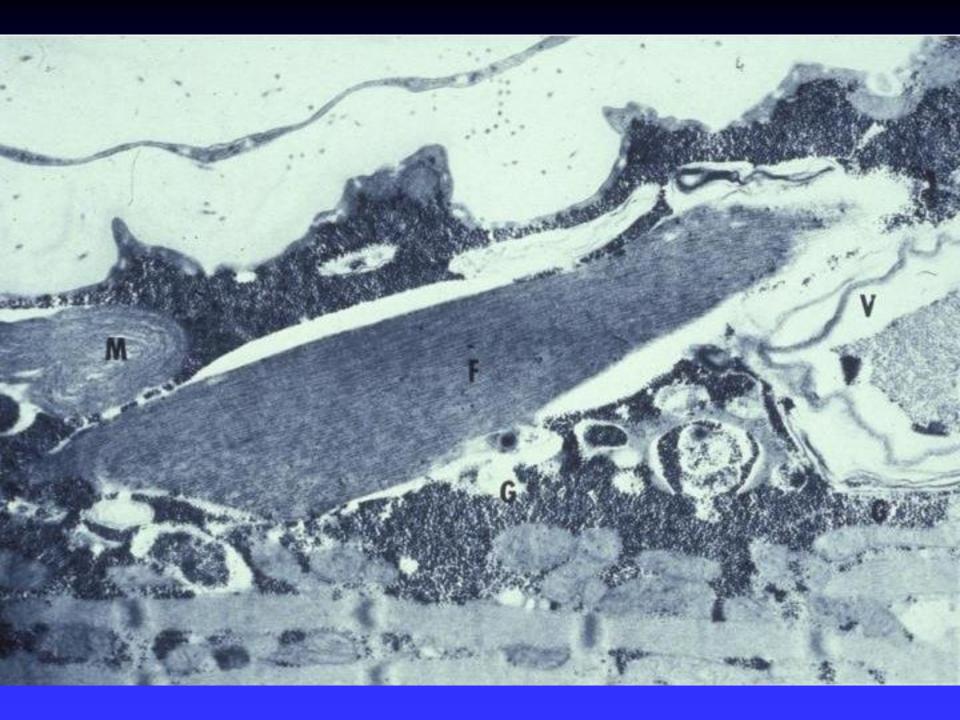
### Inclusion Body Myositis

- Cellular infiltrate-like polymyositis but disappears
- Lined vacuoles
- Inclusions
- Amyloid deposits
- Mitochondrial abnormalities









### Myositis and Connective Tissue Diseases

- Systemic lupus erythematosus
- Scleroderma
- Mixed connective tissue disease

### Myositis and Cancer

- Increase risk with dermatomyositis
- Cancers are those most common for age and gender except for ovarian cancer
- Risk is greatest within one year of diagnosis
- Treatment of cancer often treats the myositis

## **Prognosis**

#### • PM and DM

- 35% have variable results
- ↑ 10% do poorly

#### • IBM

- Does not respond to drug therapy
- Typically progresses slowly

# Myositis Specific Autoantibodies

• May help predict outcomes

# Anti-Synthetase Syndrome

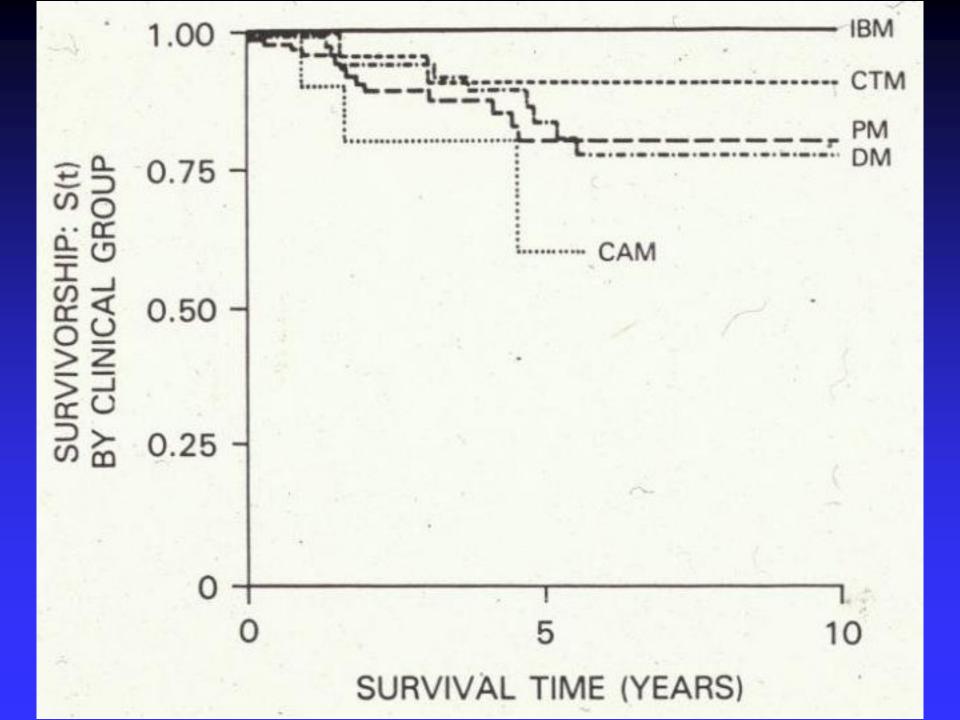
- Polymyositis > dermatomyositis
- Interstitial lung disease
- Fever
- Arthritis
- Raynaud's
- Mechanic's hands
- Difficult to treat

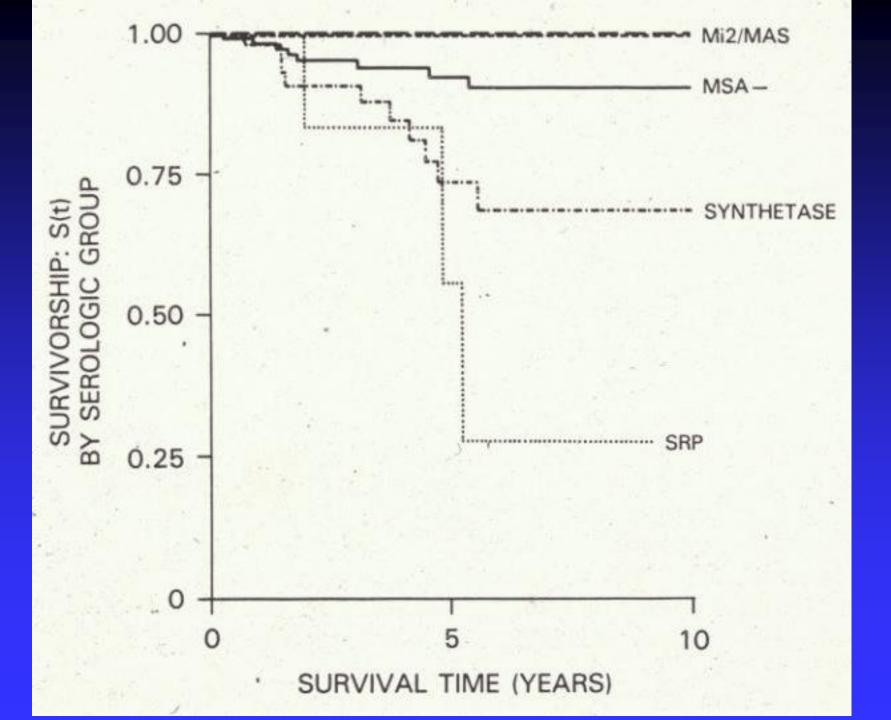
### Anti-SRP

- Polymyositis >>> dermatomyositis
- Cardiomyopathy
- Distal weakness
- Very poor prognosis\*

### Anti-Mi 2

- Dermatomyositis
- Excellent prognosis\*





Although the criteria are nonspecific, when occurring together, and without other explanations, the allow the diagnosis of an idiopathic inflammatory myopathy,



## Impact of Cortisone on Polymyositis

- Changed the mortality form over 50% to less than 10%
- Steroid therapy may prove curative to 50%

# Exercise is good!

- Aerobic
- Anaerobic

Both have been shown to improve strength and have anti-inflammatory effects

### **Controlled Trials**

- Azathioprine + Prednisone
  - Bunch, 1981, 20 patients
- Plasma and leukophoresis
  - Miller, 1992, 39 (26) patients
- IV immune globulin
  - Dalakas, 1993, 15 patients
- Methotrexate/azathioprine IV methotrexate
  - 30 patients
- Entanercept vs placebo
  - 16 patients

### RIM Trial

- 202 subjects
  - *₽* 75 PM

  - 52 JDM
- Negative results
- Regardless, over 80% of patients met the definition of improvement and average dose of prednisone dropped significantly

### Others Used

- Cyclosporine
- Cyclophosphamide
- Chlorambucil
- Etanercept
- Infliximab
- Intravenous immune globulin
- Mycophenolate
- ACTH gel
- Rituximab
- Tacrolimus
- Stem cells

# Treatment for IBM

- **Exercise**
- Follistatin gene therapy
- **8** Bimagrumab

# Lack of Response

- Treatment insufficiency
  - not enough drug prescribed or taken)
- Refractory disease
  - (IBM, interstitial lung disease, cancer, anti-SRP)
- Steroid toxicity
- Incorrect diagnosis