

INCLUSION BODY MYOPATHIES

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DISCLOSURE

Relevant Financial Relationship None



INCLUSION BODY "MUSCLE DISEASES"

Group of muscle diseases characterized by the presence of vacuoles and inclusions within the muscle fibers

Inclusion Body Myositis

- Inflammation in muscle
- <u>S</u>poradic (<u>s</u>IBM) (not hereditary)

Inclusion Body Myopathy

- No inflammation in muscle
- <u>H</u>ereditary (<u>h</u>IBM)



Muscle biopsy

Arrow: Inflammation attacking a healthy muscle fiber

Arrows: Rimmed vacuoles





hIBM

No inflammation in hIBM





Arrows: Rimmed vacuoles

Arrows: Inclusions (= abnormal accumulation of proteins)





Arrows: Inclusions (= abnormal accumulation of proteins)



Inclusion Body Myositis (sIBM)

sIBM

- Most common acquired muscle disease after age 50
- Cause unknown: inflammatory + degenerative
- Early weakness of:
 - Finger and wrist flexors
 - Quadriceps
- CK (muscle enzymes): normal or increased < 15-fold

sIBM





<u>Hereditary Inclusion Body Myopathy</u> (<u>h</u>IBM)

hIBM

- Can affects children and adults
- Distribution of weakness can be of various type, affecting:
 - Forearm and leg muscles
 - Shoulder and leg muscles
 - Shoulder and hip muscles
- Quadriceps is spared in a specific form of hIBM
- Swallowing difficulty can occur
- CK (muscle enzymes): normal or increased



<u>Hereditary Inclusion Body Myopathy</u> (<u>h</u>IBM)

hIBM

- hIBM is a descriptive pathological diagnosis

 (= description of abnormalities seen on muscle biopsy)
- Has a genetic cause
- Several genes can cause hIBM

<u>Hereditary Inclusion Body Myopathy</u> (<u>h</u>IBM)

hIBM

MAYO

- Depending on the specific gene responsible for the disease:
 - One mutation (=gene defect) is sufficient to cause disease

or

- Two mutations are necessary to cause disease
- The lack of muscle disease in other family members does not exclude hIBM



hIBM

hIBM: same gene can cause other diseases

• Some of the genes that cause hIBM can cause also other diseases (ALS, dementia or Paget disease of bone)

• Measurement of a bone enzyme, called alkaline phosphatase, may suggest co-existence of Paget disease of bone, if elevated

• Family history is important: muscle weakness? Other diseases possibly caused by the same gene?



IBMPFD: Valosin-containing protein (VCP) Paget disease of bone Frontotemporal Dementia



VCP-IBM: Clinical Features



Palmio et al, Neuromuscular Disord 2011



• Bone radiographs:







GNE-hIBM: Muscle MRI



T1 weighted MRI

Huizing et al, Biochim Biophys Acta 2009



GNE-hIBM: Muscle Biopsy



Nonaka et al, Neuromuscular Disord 1998



GNE-IBM: Therapeutic Hopes

- Sialic acid clinical trial
- GNE gene delivery



MYH2-hIBM





MYH2, AD

Biopsy at age 9 months



Biopsy at age 38 yrs

Tajsharghi et al, Acta Neuropathol 2013 D'Amico et al, Neuromuscul Disord 2013

Darin et al, Ann Neurol 1998



Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy 1D DNAJB6

Muscle Biopsy



Features of hIBM

One of the genes that can cause hIBM features on muscle biopsy is classified as gene responsible of a specific form of limb girdle muscular dystrophy



hIBM

hIBM: Many genes – same muscle biopsy

• If the gene defect is identified, it is preferable to refer to the disease as myopathy (= muscle disease) secondary to the specific defective gene.

• For example, if a patient has a mutation in the gene VCP, it is preferable to say that patient has VCP-myopathy or VCP-IBM



hIBM

What can be done in hIBM?

- PT, submaximal exercise
- AFO
- Dietary modifications in case of swallowing difficulty
- Monitoring of the breathing to be sure nocturnal oxygen doesn't drop

Thank you